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UPLINK COVERAGE MEASUREMENTS IN THE LOS ANGELES AREA FOR PASSIV--ETC(U)  
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Link Coverage Measurements  
in the Los Angeles Area  
for Passive BCAS

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Technical Report Documentation Page

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16. Abstract <p>Uplink (1030 MHz) measurement results are presented, based on data recorded by the Airborne Measurement Facility of the M.I.T. Lincoln Laboratory during normal landings and take-offs at the LAX, Van Nuys, and San Diego airports. The data presented are relevant to current investigations of passive beacon-based collision avoidance systems and include: (1) the interrogator environment as received; (2) its division between FAA and other interrogators; (3) its dependence on aircraft height during landings and take-offs; and (4) the availability of P2 pulses of sufficient strength for PRF (pulse repetition frequency) tracking.</p> <p>The number of interrogators was found to increase with the aircraft height at the rate of 2.5 to 3 interrogators per 1000 ft. P2 pulse tracking appears to be feasible down to 2000 ft. at LAX, and lower at San Diego.</p>					
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## 1.0 INTRODUCTION

On 30 September and 1 October of last year (1976), Lincoln Laboratory's Airborne Measurement Facility<sup>\*</sup> (AMF) flew three missions of landings and take-offs in the LA area, one each at the Los Angeles International (LAX), Van Nuys, and San Diego airports. The missions were intended to answer a number of questions raised in connection with current investigations of passive BCAS (beacon-based collision avoidance systems<sup>\*\*</sup>):

- (1) How many interrogators make up the environment on 1030 MHz;
- (2) How are these divided between FAA (terminal and en-route) and other (mostly military) interrogators;
- (3) How does this environment depend on aircraft altitude during normal landings and take-offs; and
- (4) What is the power level of the P2 pulses received from each interrogator as a function of altitude, and are enough P2 pulses detectable to allow continuous tracking of the Pulse Repetition Frequencies (PRF's) of the local FAA interrogators.

Most interrogators in an area interrogate at fixed rates (PRF's), differing from interrogator to interrogator. This allows the "tracking" of each interrogator, i.e., the separation of its interrogations from the sum total of interrogations received.

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<sup>\*</sup> See Project Report ATC-60, 25 March 1976, "The Airborne Measurement Facility (AMF) System Description", G. V. Colby.

<sup>\*\*</sup> See Bagnall and Kay, "A Review and Analysis of the Litchford Collision Avoidance System," October 1976, FAA-RD-77-1.



## 2.0 DATA COLLECTION AND PROCESSING

Figures 1 and 2 show the paths of the three AMF missions, superimposed on maps of the Los Angeles and San Diego areas. The maps are derived from the 1:500,000 Sectional Aeronautical Chart of the LA area, and indicate the principal interrogators observed in the data discussed below. Twenty seconds of data were recorded at each of the 46 aircraft positions shown. A receiver threshold of -74 dBm (referred to the AMF input<sup>\*</sup>) was used everywhere except at position 16, where the threshold was -80 dBm.

The AMF Uplink Data Analysis Program was then run on each data segment. This program assembles received pulses into interrogations and suppressions, and counts each of these for the data span (here 20 sec), as well as in a normalized fashion (per sec). The program has a pulse repetition interval tracker, which separates the interrogation environment into the individual contributions by the interrogators of an area. The tracker can handle both fixed PRI's and also the 8-pulse stagger of the ATCBI-4's associated with the ASR-7's. The range of fixed PRI's tracked by the program is 1800 to 7200  $\mu$ s, corresponding to PRF values from 455 to 114 interrogations per sec.

For each tracked interrogator, the program calculates the PRF, the scan period, the mode interlace, the total number of interrogations received over a 20-sec period, the peak mainbeam power, and the average angle of arrival of the interrogations (accurate to  $\pm 30$  deg.). Interrogations outside the range of fixed PRI's mentioned above, and those with PRI anomalies are not tracked, but are listed by the analysis program. Scan period, etc., may be determined

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\* In these measurements, the cable loss between the antenna and the front end of the AMF was 4 dB.

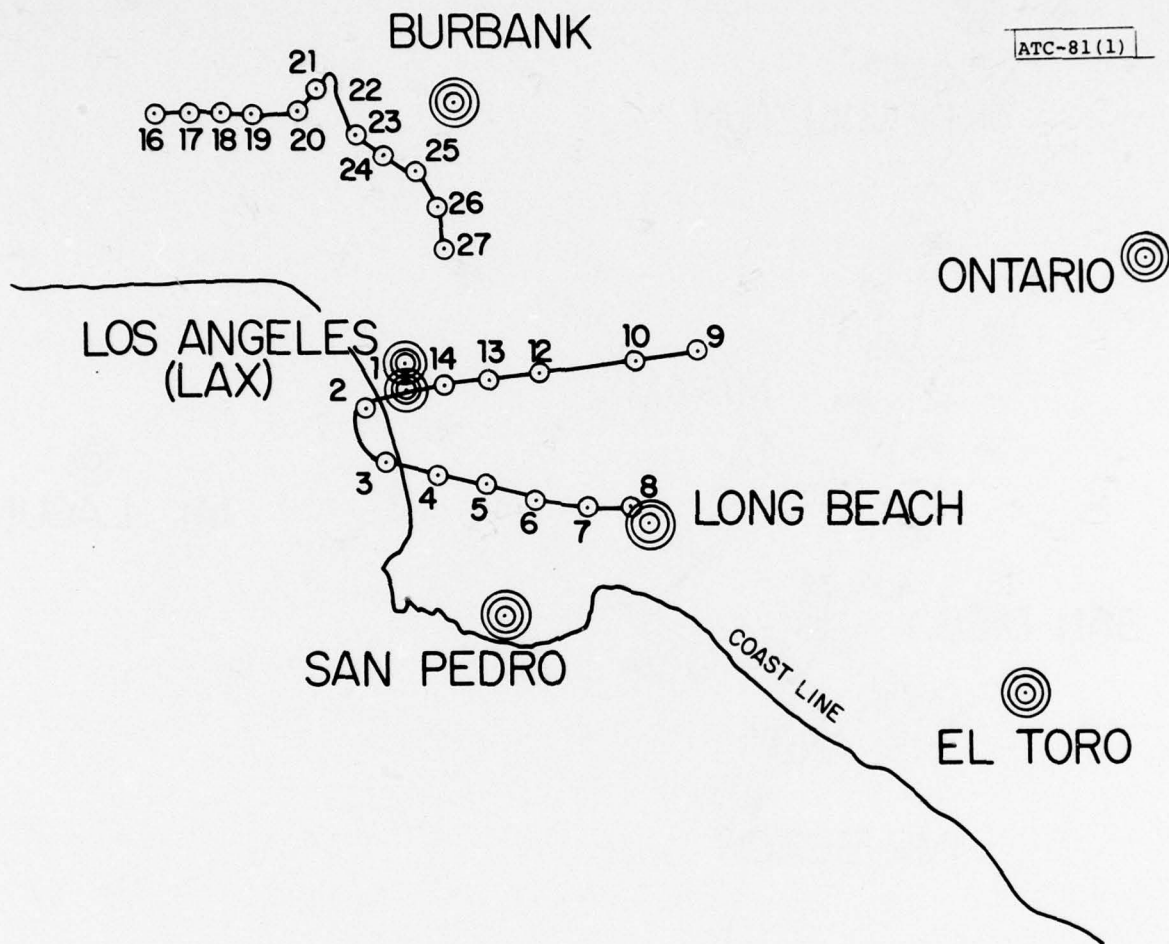


Fig. 1. Aircraft flight path for LA and Van Nuys missions.



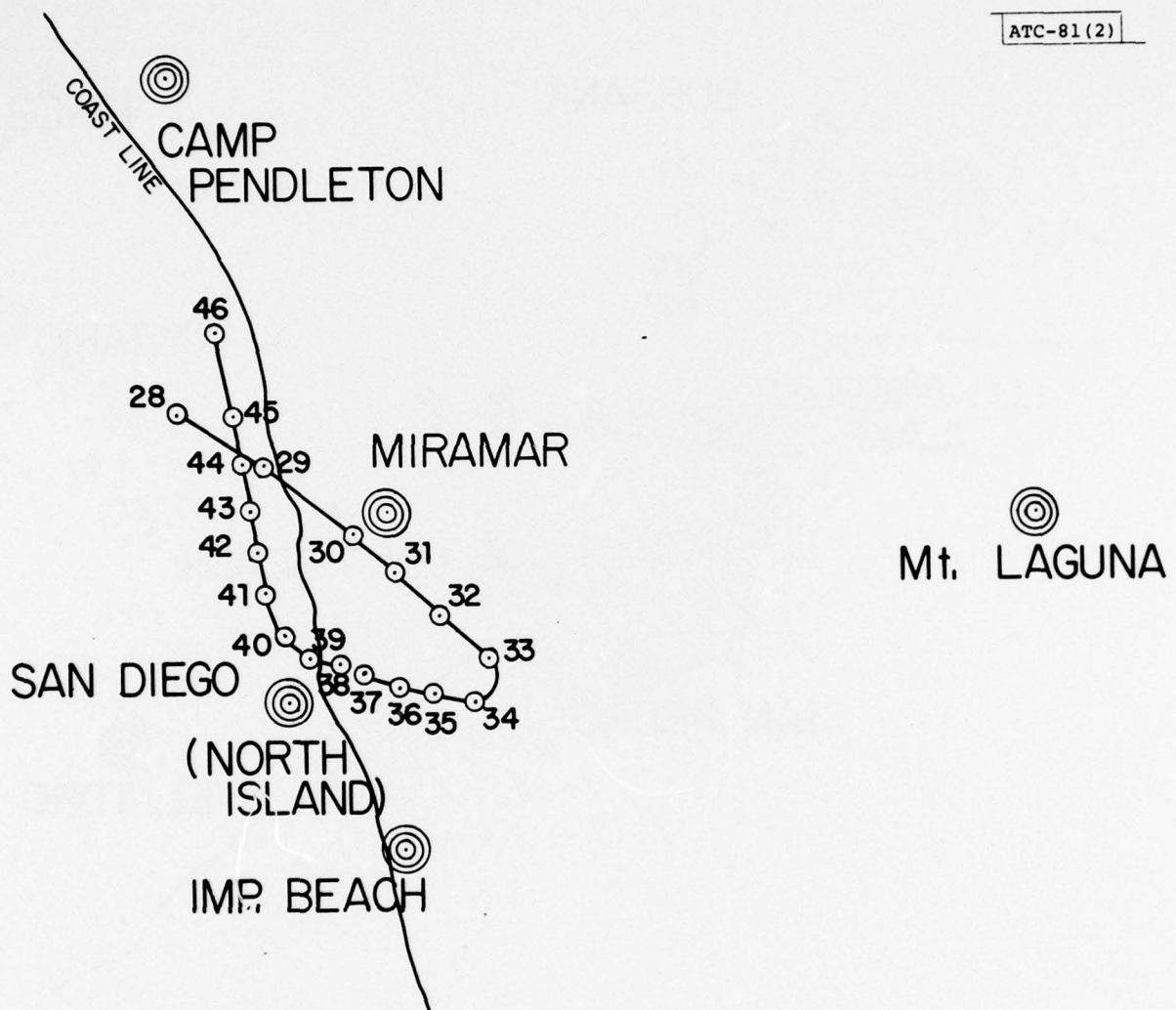


Fig. 2. Aircraft flight path for San Diego mission.

for some of these by hand, if necessary. The results tabulated below, however, refer only to interrogators tracked by the analysis program.

### 3.0 PRINCIPAL RESULTS

The "Interrogator Environment Tables" (Tables 1 through 9) contain all the information necessary to answer the four questions posed in Section 1. The first three tables show positions 1 - 14, the next three, positions 15 - 27, and the last three, positions 28-46, i.e., they refer to landings and take-offs at LAX, Van Nuys, and San Diego, respectively. The twenty right hand columns of these tables always represent the same twenty interrogators (9 FAA and 11 other), tracked by the analysis program.\* The entries under the tracked interrogators alternate cyclically from table to table among:

- (a) Number of interrogations received in 20 sec;
- (b) Estimated angle of arrival of the interrogations;
- (c) Maximum mainbeam power observed.

The first table of each environmental triplet (showing the number of interrogations in 20 sec) gives this additional information:

- (a) Aircraft height above ground (HAG);
- (b) Total interrogations per sec;
- (c) Total suppressions per sec;
- (d) Total pulses seen by AMF per sec.

This organization of the Environment Tables makes it possible to determine the number of interrogations, their direction, and their maximum mainbeam

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\*The notation 4\*12AC denotes a mode interlace pattern of 11112222AAAACCCC.

Table 1

Los Angeles Take-off and Landing.  
No. of Interrogations Received in 20 sec. (Tracked Interrogators Only).

OTHER INTERROGATORS				SCAN	MODE	NAME	PRF												
				NONE	A	F	437.6	Off											
				10.9	4*2C	E	308.6	Take											
				3.77	4*12AC	D	224.6	R25											
				3.80	4*12AC	C	335.9	Farthest East											
				3.84	4*2AC	B	378.0												
				3.86	AC	Norton	273.9	29 82 54 49 39											
				9.8	12AC	Camp Pendleton	292.1	56 26											
				5.6	4*12AC	A	242.7												
				11.2	4*12AC	San Diego	303.5	8 64 47 76 55 43 76											
				12.02	2*2ACA	San Clemente	334.9	68 32 13											
FAA INTERROGATORS				9.67	1AC	San Nicolas	359.4	54 74 65 81 32 15 36 71 41 93 98											
				4.72	AAC	Long Beach	337.1	26 46 71 91 55 64 62 55 38 72 47											
				4.67	AAC	Miramar	350.0	44 32 80											
				6.00	AAC	Burbank	375.3	58 79 62 76 30 57 62 27 58											
				4.67	AAC	El Toro	390.2	23 53 59 56 83 55 36 54 61 75											
				4.67	AAC	Ontario	450.2	114 98 108 86 88 77 59 64 57											
				4.65	AAC	LAXASR7	378.6	239 60 91 123 80 59 61 61 96 210 261											
				4.67	AAC	LAX	405.2	28 147 52 106 73 98 79 54 52 76 168 128 23											
ENROUTE				12.02	2ACA	Mt. Laguna	330.2	17 35 7 9 42 28											
				12.00	2ACA	San Pedro	370.3	43 101 43 94 192 47 152 92 132 130 287 167 1726											
TOTAL PULSES SEEN BY AMF PER SEC								205 2291											
TOTAL SUPPRESSIONS PER SEC								205 423 779 939 1029 1074 774 776											
TOTAL INTERROGATIONS PER SEC								194 77 117 178 193 195 158 140											
AIRCRAFT HEIGHT ABOVE GROUND (FT)								1 100 1500 3200 4400 5700 6400 76400 7700											
AIRCRAFT POSITION								1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 12 13 14											

Table 2

Los Angeles Take-off and Landing.  
Estimated Angle of Arrival (deg). (Tracked Interrogators  
Only).

OTHER INTERROGATORS																
SCAN	MODE	NAME	PRF													
NONE	A	F	437.6													
10.9	4*2C	E	308.6													
3.77	4*12AC	D	224.6													
3.80	4*12AC	C	335.9													
3.84	4*2AC	B	378.0													
3.86	AC	Norton	273.9													
9.8	12AC	Camp Pendleton	292.1													
5.6	4*12AC	A	242.7													
11.2	4*12AC	San Diego	303.5													
12.02	2*2ACA	San Clemente	334.9													
9.67	1AC	San Nicolas	359.4													
4.72	AAC	Long Beach	337.1													
4.67	AAC	Miramar	350.0													
6.00	AAC	Burbank	375.3													
4.67	AAC	El Toro	390.2													
4.67	AAC	Ontario	450.2													
4.65	AAC	LAXASR7	378.6													
4.67	AAC	LAX	405.2													
12.02	2ACA	Mt. Laguna	330.2													
12.00	2ACA	San Pedro	370.3													
TOTAL PULSES SEEN BY AMF PER SEC																
TOTAL SUPPRESSIONS PER SEC																
TOTAL INTERROGATIONS PER SEC																
AIRCRAFT HEIGHT ABOVE GROUND (FT)																
AIRCRAFT POSITION				1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	12	13	14



Table 3

Los Angeles Take-off and Landing.  
Largest Mainbeam Power Seen (dBm). (Tracked Interrogators Only).

		SCAN	MODE	NAME	PRF														
OTHER INTERROGATORS		NONE	A	F	437.6	Off													
		10.9	4*2C	E	308.6	R25 Take													
		3.77	4*12AC	D	224.6														
		3.80	4*12AC	C	335.9														
		3.84	4*2AC	B	378.0														
		3.86	AC	Norton	273.9					-56	-51	-52	-58			-54	-44		
		9.8	12AC	Camp Pendleton	292.1														
		5.6	4*12AC	A	242.7														
		11.2	4*12AC	San Diego	303.5														
		12.02	2*2ACA	San Clemente	334.9					-59	-47	-58	-57	-59			-51	-58	
		9.67	1AC	San Nicolas	359.4					-51	-66	-53	-63	-57	-61		-59	-63	
FAA INTERROGATORS		4.72	AAC	Long Beach	337.1					-61	-48	-44	-44	-42	-36		-37	-61	
		4.67	AAC	Miramar	350.0														
		6.00	AAC	Burbank	375.3														
		4.67	AAC	El Toro	390.2					-73	-58	-50	-46	-54	-55		-56	-58	
		4.67	AAC	Ontario	450.2														
		4.65	AAC	LAXASR7	378.6														
		4.67	AAC	LAX	405.2					-33	-37	-31	-35	-31	-31		-38	-43	
		12.02	2ACA	Mt. Laguna	330.2														
		12.00	2ACA	San Pedro	370.3					-40	-32	-31	-33	-29	-30		-63	-68	
TOTAL PULSES SEEN BY AMF PER SEC																			
TOTAL SUPPRESSIONS PER SEC																			
TOTAL INTERROGATIONS PER SEC																			
AIRCRAFT HEIGHT ABOVE GROUND (FT)																			
AIRCRAFT POSITION																			
						1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14



Table 4

Van Nuys Landing and Take-off.  
Estimated Angle of Arrival (deg). (Tracked Interrogators  
Only).

OTHER INTERROGATORS				FAA INTERROGATORS			
SCAN	MODE	NAME	PRF	TERMINAL			
NONE	A	F	437.6	ENROUTE			
10.9	4*2C	E	308.6	116			
3.77	4*12AC	D	224.6	147			
3.80	4*12AC	C	335.9	183			
3.84	4*2AC	B	378.0	85			
3.86	AC	Norton	273.9	74			
9.8	12AC	Camp Pendleton	292.1	72			
5.6	4*12AC	A	242.7	107			
11.2	4*12AC	San Diego	303.5	54			
12.02	2*2ACA	San Clemente	334.9	147			
9.67	1AC	San Nicolas	359.4	68			
4.72	AAC	Long Beach	337.1	11			
4.67	AAC	Miramar	350.0	75			
6.00	AAC	Burbank	375.3	85			
4.67	AAC	El Toro	390.2	77			
4.67	AAC	Ontario	450.2	107			
4.65	AAC	LAXASR7	378.6	54			
4.67	AAC	LAX	405.2	147			
12.02	2ACA	Mt. Laguna	330.2	68			
12.00	2ACA	San Pedro	370.3	11			
TOTAL PULSES SEEN BY AMF PER SEC				75			
TOTAL SUPPRESSIONS PER SEC				85			
TOTAL INTERROGATIONS PER SEC				77			
AIRCRAFT HEIGHT ABOVE GROUND (FT)				107			
AIRCRAFT POSITION				54			

Table 5

Van Nuys Landing and Take-off.  
Estimated Angle of Arrival (deg). (Tracked Interrogators  
Only).

OTHER INTERROGATORS				SCAM	MODE	NAME	PRF										
				NOME	A	F	437.6	West									
				10.9	4*2C	E	308.6	Farthest Land									
				3.77	4*12AC	D	224.6	R16 Take Off									
				3.80	4*12AC	C	335.9	Farthest									
				3.84	4*2AC	B	378.0	R16 Land									
				3.86	AC	Norton	273.9	R16 Take Off									
				9.8	12AC	Camp Pendleton	292.1	Farthest									
				5.6	4*12AC	A	242.7	R16 Land									
				11.2	4*12AC	San Diego	303.5	R16 Take Off									
				12.02	2*2ACA	San Clemente	334.9	Farthest									
FAA INTERROGATORS				9.67	1AC	San Nicolas	359.4	125	206	179							
				4.72	AAC	Long Beach	337.1	105	192	164							
				4.67	AAC	Miramar	350.0	118	195	140							
				6.00	AAC	Burbank	375.3	17									
				4.67	AAC	El Toro	390.2	118	85	53	100	73	96	92	108	82	76
				4.67	AAC	Ontario	450.2	81	66								
				4.65	AAC	LAXASR7	378.6										
				4.67	AAC	LAX	405.2	133	114	93	108	114					
				12.02	2ACA	Mt. Laguna	330.2										
				12.00	2ACA	San Pedro	370.3	141	120	116	112	137	136	154			
TOTAL PULSES SEEN BY AMP PER SEC																	
TOTAL SUPPRESSIONS PER SEC																	
TOTAL INTERROGATIONS PER SEC																	
AIRCRAFT HEIGHT ABOVE GROUND (FT)																	
AIRCRAFT POSITION				15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	

Table 6

Van Nuys Landing and Take-off.  
Largest Mainbeam Power Seen (dBm). (Tracked Interrogators  
Only).

		SCAN	MODE	NAME	PRF																
OTHER INTERROGATORS		NONE	A	F	437.6																
		10.9	4*2C	E	308.6	West															
		3.77	4*12AC	D	224.6	Farthest		R16 band		R16 Take Off				Farthest SE							
		3.80	4*12AC	C	335.9																
		3.84	4*2AC	B	378.0																
		3.86	AC	Norton	273.9																
		9.8	12AC	Camp Pendleton	292.1																
		5.6	4*12AC	A	242.7																
		11.2	4*12AC	San Diego	303.5																
		12.02	2*2ACA	San Clemente	334.9	-56	-69	-68	-71	-73						-57	-59	-57	-55		
FAA INTERROGATORS		9.67	1AC	San Nicolas	359.4	-52	-62	-67	-67	-64						-57	-58	-57	-62		
		4.72	AAC	Long Beach	337.1	-63	-73	-75						-58	-51	-52	-51				
		4.67	AAC	Miramar	350.0																
		6.00	AAC	Burbank	375.3	-49	-55	-50	-46	-50	-46	-44						-46	-48	-39	-45
		4.67	AAC	El Toro	390.2	-58	-67	-68	-70	-74	-75						-56	-59	-39	-43	
		4.67	AAC	Ontario	450.2	-56	-72						-61	-56	-52	-51					
		4.65	AAC	LAXASR7	378.6	-43	-55	-63	-66	-58						-48	-46	-47	-46		
		4.67	AAC	LAX	405.2	-39	-49	-64	-66	-55						-46	-43	-48	-38		
		12.02	2ACA	Mt. Laguna	330.2											-62	-38	-46	-39	-59	-34
		12.00	2ACA	San Pedro	370.3	-42	-50	-53	-48	-55	-66	-63						-46	-44	-46	-45
TOTAL PULSES SEEN BY AMF PER SEC																					
TOTAL SUPPRESSIONS PER SEC																					
TOTAL INTERROGATIONS PER SEC																					
AIRCRAFT HEIGHT ABOVE GROUND (FT)																					
AIRCRAFT POSITION					15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27				



Table 7

San Diego Landing and Take-off.  
No. of Interrogations Received in 20 secs. (Tracked  
Interrogators Only).

OTHER INTERROGATORS						FAA INTERROGATORS						TERMINAL						ENROUTE		TOTAL PULSES SEEN BY AMF PER SEC						TOTAL SUPPRESSIONS PER SEC						TOTAL INTERROGATIONS PER SEC						AIRCRAFT HEIGHT ABOVE GROUND (FT)						AIRCRAFT POSITION																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																																									
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Table 8

San Diego Landing and Take-off.  
Estimated Angle of Arrival (deg). (Tracked Interrogators  
Only).

OTHER INTERROGATORS				FAA INTERROGATORS			
				TERMINAL			
				ENROUTE			
SCAN	MODE	NAME	PRF				
NONE	A	F	437.6				
10.9	4*2C	E	308.6	185			315
3.77	4*12AC	D	224.6	217	213	208	320
3.80	4*12AC	C	335.9	227	199	223	315
3.84	4*2AC	B	378.0	221	205	221	314
3.86	AC	Norton	273.9	223	228	225	308
9.8	12AC	Camp Pendleton	292.1	225	239	262	
5.6	4*12AC	A	242.7	251	227	258	
11.2	4*12AC	San Diego	303.5	243	228	239	
12.02	2*2ACA	San Clemente	334.9	250			
9.67	1AC	San Nicolas	359.4	227			
4.72	AAC	Long Beach	337.1	250			
4.67	AAC	Miramar	350.0	228			
6.00	AAC	Burbank	375.3	245			
4.67	AAC	El Toro	390.2	233			
4.67	AAC	Ontario	450.2	296			
4.65	AAC	LAXASR7	378.6				
4.67	AAC	LAX	405.2				
12.02	2ACA	Mt. Laguna	330.2	104			
12.00	2ACA	San Pedro	370.3	307			
TOTAL PULSES SEEN BY AMF PER SEC				109			
TOTAL SUPPRESSIONS PER SEC				302			
TOTAL INTERROGATIONS PER SEC				307			
AIRCRAFT HEIGHT ABOVE GROUND (FT)				84			
AIRCRAFT POSITION				310			
				65			
				308			
				305			
				299			
				100			
				89			
				83			
				317			
				322			
				322			
				93			
				90			
				318			
				313			
				337			
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				90			
				100			
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				142			
				324			
				328			
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				261			
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				168			
				217			
				336			
				213			
				334			
				3			
				200			
				259			
				133			
				236			
				315			
				204			
				334			
				287			
				171			
				286			
				166			
				204			
				279			
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Table 9

San Diego Landing and Take-off.  
Largest Mainbeam Power Seen (dBm). (Tracked Interrogators Only).

		SCAN	MODE	NAME	PRF		
OTHER INTERROGATORS		NONE	A	F	437.6		Off
		10.9	4*2C	E	308.6	-46 -47 -45 -49 -54 -66 -47 -43	Land
		3.77	4*12AC	D	224.6	-63 -64 -63	R27
		3.80	4*12AC	C	335.9	-55 -68 -61 -59 -53 -51 -51 -53	R27
		3.84	4*2AC	B	378.0	-51 -57 -48 -54 -46 -53 -50 -47 -53	Take
		3.84	AC	Norton	273.9		
		9.8	12AC	Camp Pendleton	292.1	-52 -59 -60 -55 -63 -59 -60	
		5.6	4*12AC	A	242.7	-45 -53 -53 -44 -46 -51 -42 -61 -41 -39 -39 -50	
		11.2	4*12AC	San Diego	303.5	-53 -46 -53 -44 -45 -45 -42 -55 -41 -39 -38 -53	
		12.02	2*2ACA	San Clemente	334.9	-55 -53 -54 -52 -59 -68 -55 -51 -51 -51 -54	
FAA INTERROGATORS		9.67	1AC	San Nicolas	359.4	-63 -58 -58 -47	
		4.72	AAC	Long Beach	337.1		-62
		4.67	AAC	Miramar	350.0	-45 -41 -29 -35 -37 -49 -47 -60 -50 -57	
		6.00	AAC	Burbank	375.3		
		4.67	AAC	El Toro	390.2	-59 -60	
		4.67	AAC	Ontario	450.2		
		4.65	AAC	LAXASR7	378.6		
		4.67	AAC	LAX	405.2		
		12.02	2ACA	Mt. Laguna	330.2	-57 -43 -41 -44 -44 -43 -43 -43 -48 -47 -45 -54	
		12.00	2ACA	San Pedro	370.3	-57 -43 -41 -44 -44 -43 -43 -43 -48 -47 -45 -54	
TOTAL PULSES SEEN BY AMP PER SEC							
TOTAL SUPPRESSIONS PER SEC							
TOTAL INTERROGATIONS PER SEC							
AIRCRAFT HEIGHT ABOVE GROUND (FT)							
AIRCRAFT POSITION						28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37	38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46

power for a given interrogator and aircraft position. For example (from Tables 1, 2, and 3) at position 8, the AMF received 152 interrogations in 20 seconds from San Pedro, arriving from the southwest (245 deg) with a maximum mainbeam power of -35 dBm (in a total environment of 140 interrogations, 776 suppressions, and 2767 pulses per sec).

Although the P2 powers are not output by the analysis program directly, the P2 power may be estimated to have a power level approximately 20 dB below the mainbeam power. For the San Pedro example, the P2 power level would be about -55 dBm.

### 3.1 Interrogator Population

The Environment Tables answer Questions (1) and (2) of Section 1 (about the environment on 1030 MHz, and about its division between FAA and other interrogators) by counting columns with entries in them. This counting has been done in Table 10, which shows the number of interrogators and their types seen at each position, and the aircraft height at those positions.

Figure 3 presents plots of the corresponding three parts of Table 10 for LAX, Van Nuys, and San Diego, showing the number of different types of interrogators versus height (above ground).

### 3.2 Altitude Dependence

The plots of Figure 3 answer Question (3) of Section 1 (about the dependence of the environment upon altitude). Note that the FAA interrogators, which predominate in the LAX and Van Nuys areas, are less significant in the San Diego area.

Figure 4 presents another view of the height-type-number dependence. In this figure, landings have been separated from take-offs, and plotted as

Table 10

Number of Tracked Interrogators (FAA and Other) as a Function of Height Above Ground.

AIRPORT					
Aircraft Position	Height Above Ground (ft)	FAA Interrogators	Other Interrogators	Total Interrogators	
LAX	1	100	1	0	1
	2	1500	5	2	7
	3	3200	6	2	8
	4	4400	8	4	12
	5	5700	8	4	12
	6	6400	8	4	12
	7	6400	8	4	12
	8	7700	9	4	13
	9	5700	9	4	13
	10	3400	8	4	12
	12	2600	7	2	9
	13	2000	5	1	6
	14	300	1	0	1
	VAN NUYS	15	3600	7	2
16		3600	7	2	9
17		3000	6	2	8
18		2900	5	2	7
19		2500	5	2	7
20		1700	3	0	3
21		800	2	0	2
22		500	1	0	1
23		1700	5	0	5

AIRPORT					
Aircraft Position	Height Above Ground (ft)	FAA Interrogators	Other Interrogators	Total Interrogators	
VAN NUYS	24	2800	7	2	9
	25	3800	6	2	8
	26	3800	8	4	12
	27	3800	8	4	12
SAN DIEGO	28	5200	4	9	13
	29	5300	4	9	13
	30	4700	3	9	12
	31	5200	3	7	10
	32	5000	3	7	10
	33	3300	3	7	10
	34	2200	3	7	10
	35	2100	3	7	10
	36	1500	3	5	8
	37	800	2	5	7
	38	300	0	2	2
	39	1300	2	4	6
	40	2300	2	5	7
	41	3200	3	5	8
	42	3700	3	5	8
	43	4700	4	6	10
	44	5400	3	7	10
	45	6400	4	5	9
	46	6600	6	6	12



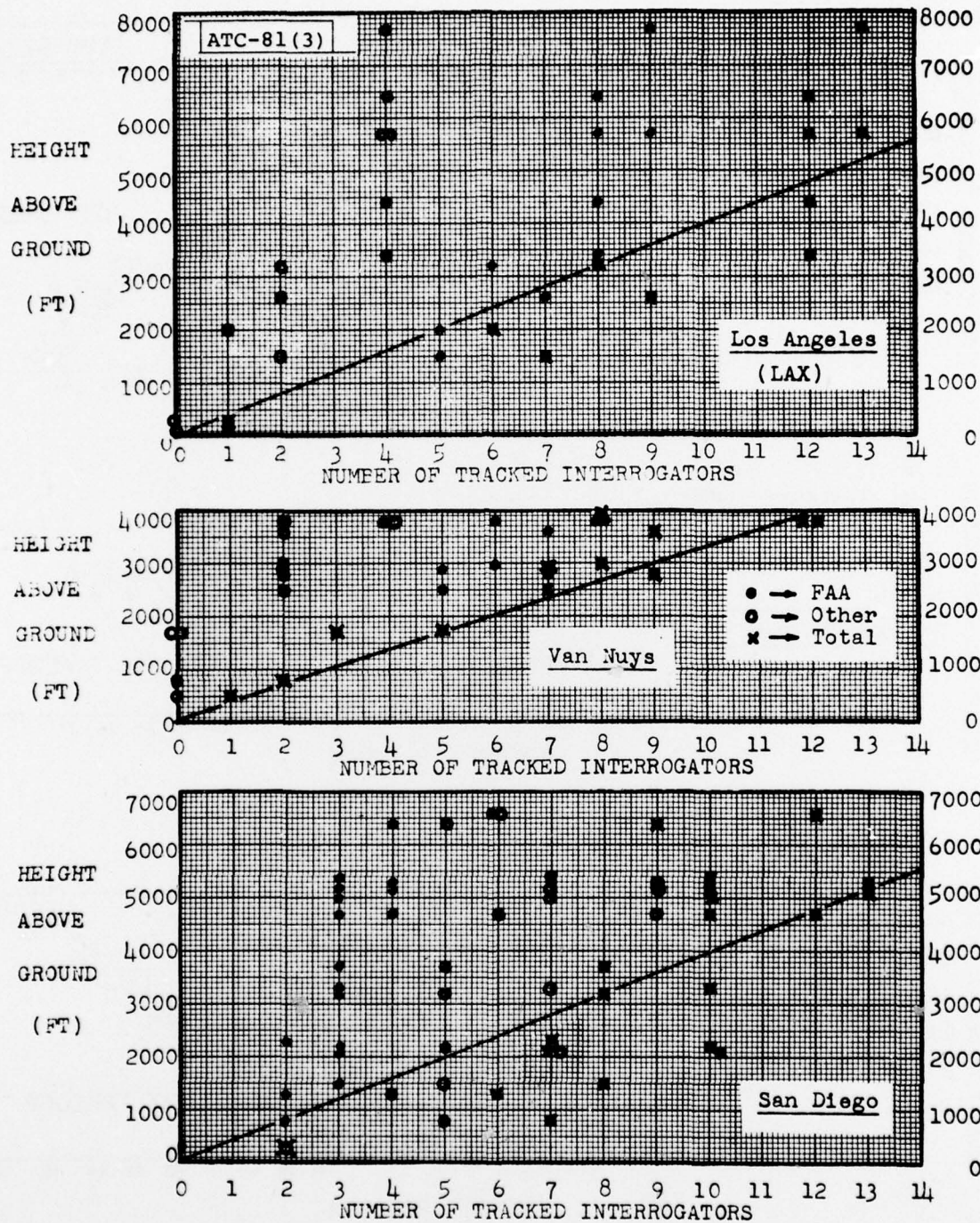


Fig. 3. Number of tracked interrogators as a function of height.



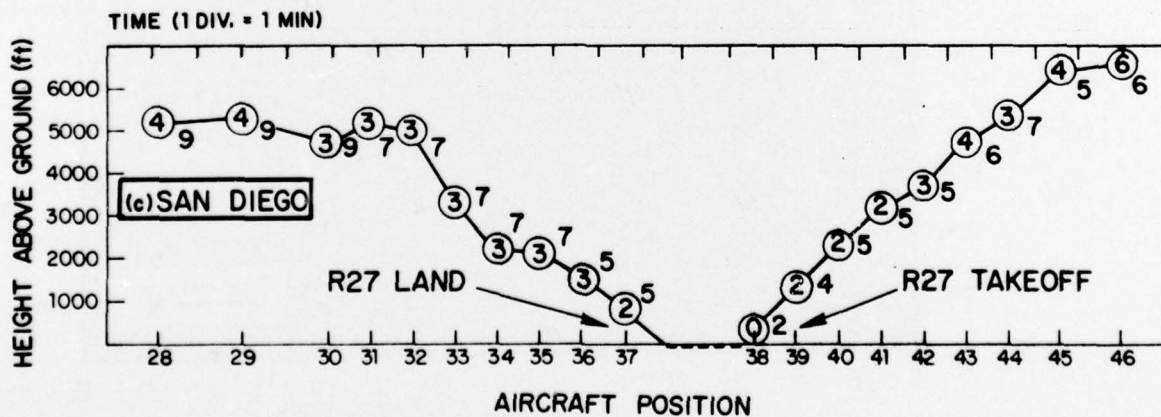
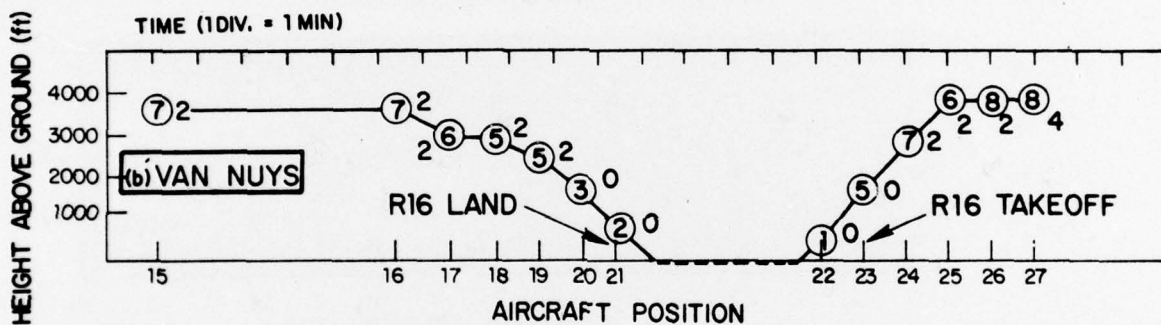
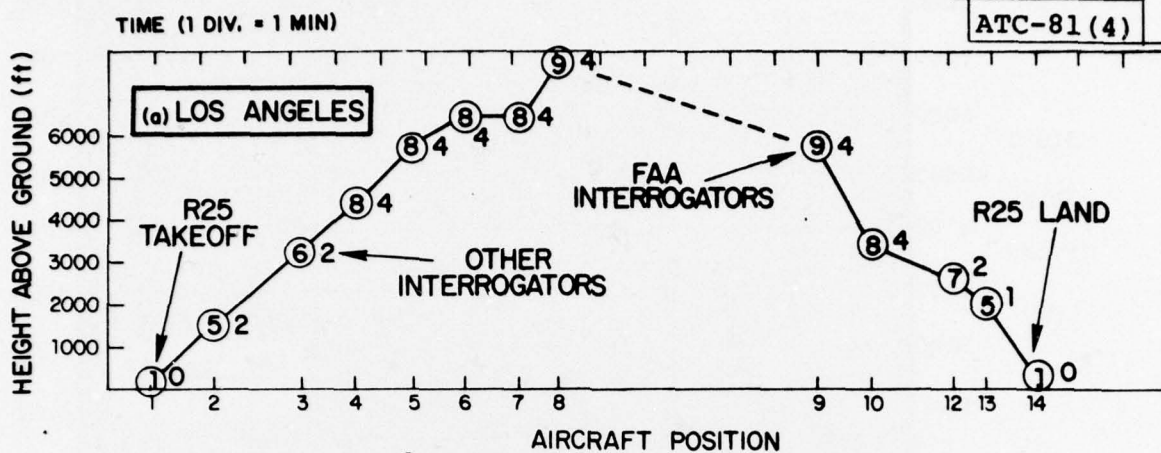


Fig. 4. Number of interrogators tracked during landings and take-offs vs altitude.

a function of time. For each position, a small circle centered at the proper height (above ground) contains the number of FAA interrogators which were tracked there. The number of other interrogators tracked at each altitude is written next to the circle.

### 3.3 P2 Pulse Tracking

Figure 5 presents data relevant to the problem of passive tracking of P2 pulses, posed in Question (4) of Section 1. Part (a) of the figure is a plot of the maximum power received from the FAA interrogators near LAX. The plotted values have been obtained from six selected columns of Table 3. Since the corresponding plot of P2 pulse power would be approximately 20 dB below the curves shown (as explained in paragraph 3.0) the figure can be used to answer Question (4) about the sufficiency of trackable P2 pulses for any assumed receiver threshold. Part (b) of Figure 5 is similar to Part (a), except that it refers to the San Diego area. Here selected values of Table 9 have been plotted.

## 4.0 ADDITIONAL RESULTS

### 4.1 ECAC File Adjustments

The AMF analysis program does not automatically associate interrogators of an area with the different PRFs detected and tracked by the program. This assignment of PRFs to real interrogators must be done manually. The usual method of doing this is to find the PRF in the ECAC Interrogator File nearest to the PRF tracked by the program, and then check the other parameters. When identification is made, the interrogator location (latitude and longitude)

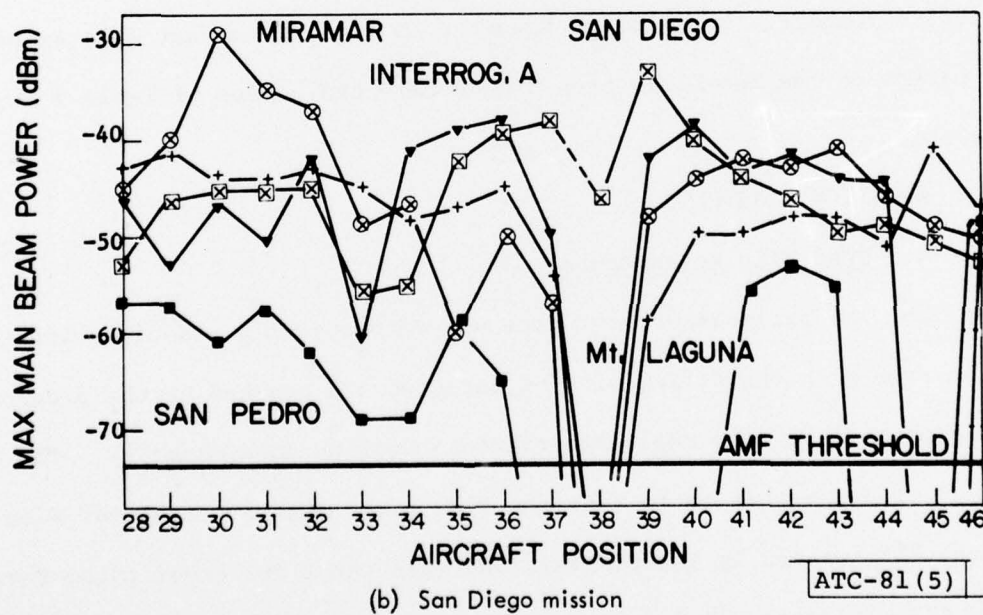
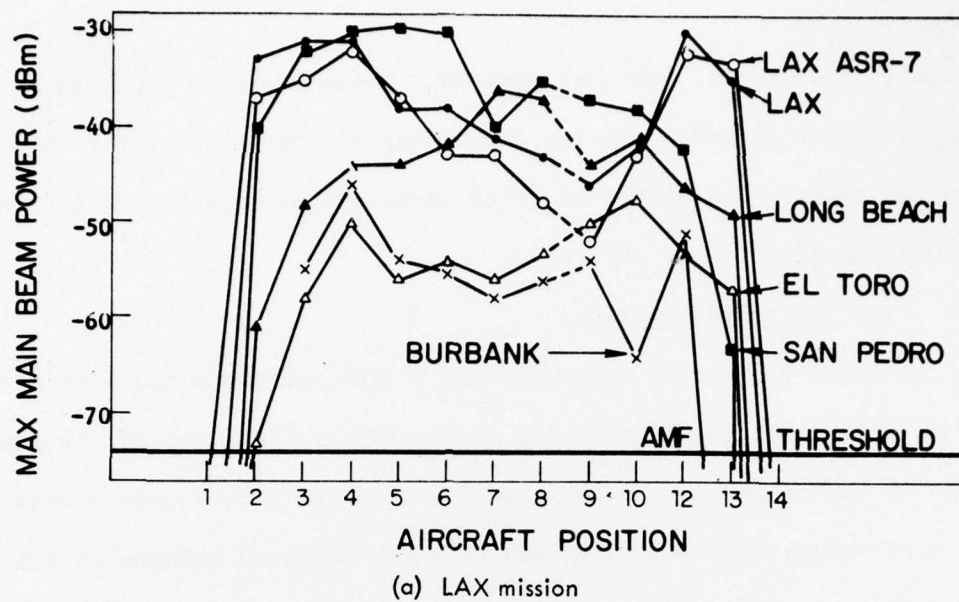


Fig. 5. Maximum power levels of received interrogations.



in the ECAC Interrogator File is further checked for consistency with the measured angle of arrival, measured mainbeam power, and number of interrogations received.

The identification process is often hampered by inaccuracies in the Interrogator File. Fourteen of the 20 PRF's tracked by the program have been identified with real interrogators (as indicated by the names in the Environment Tables) despite the fact that 9 of the 14 appeared in the Interrogator File with one or more parameters in need of adjustment (see Table 11).

#### 4.2 Unidentified Interrogators

Unidentified interrogators (called A, B, C, D, E, and F in the Environment Tables) must be "located" entirely by the measured parameters given in the tables, most of all, by the angle of arrival. This procedure locates interrogators A, B, E (and, probably, C as well) somewhere southwest of the San Diego path, off the coast, perhaps 10 nm west of North Island. Interrogator D is probably much further off the coast, southwest (215 deg) of San Diego. The omni-directional interrogator F is somewhere northwest (315 deg) of San Diego, perhaps off the coast near Camp Pendleton.

#### 4.3 Environment Table Notes

(a) The large number of interrogations per sec at positions 1 and 14 (see Table 1) results from the fact that these positions are just off the ground, over the runways at LAX where reflected suppressions combine into false Mode 1 and 2 interrogations.

(b) At positions 4 through 8, an omnidirectional interrogator on Mode 2, with a PRI of 4071  $\mu$ s followed by one of 20358  $\mu$ s, regularly, contri-



Table 11

AMF-Measured Interrogator Parameters at Variance with 2-5-76  
ECAC File.

INTERROGATOR	PARAMETER OF DIFFERENCE	ECAC FILE 2-5-76	MEAS'D VALUE 10-1-76
San Pedro	RPM	6	5
Mt. Laguna	PRF	241	330.2
Long Beach	PRF MODE	415 A	337.1 AAC
Burbank	RPM	15	10
San Nicolas Is.	MODE	A	IAC
San Clemente Is.	PRF MODE RPM	300 A 16	334.9 4*2ACA 5
San Diego	PRF MODE RPM	300 A 20	303.5 4*12AC 5.5
Cp. Pendleton	PRF MODE	295 A	292.1 12AC
Norton AFB	PRF MODE	275 A	273.9 AC

buted about 60 interrogations per sec. It seemed to be located just south of Long Beach. It is an interrogator on 4071  $\mu$ s (PRF = 221) which is on the air 2 times, and then off the air 4 times, repeatedly.

(c) At position 16 (see Table 4), the 330 interrogations per sec are mainly due to an interrogator on 320 PRF, to the southwest (mode interlace 1/2/A, scan period = 7.8 sec). Many sidelobe interrogations from this interrogator were received, partially because of the enhanced receiver sensitivity used at this one position (-80 dBm instead of the usual -74 dBm).

(d) At position 27, most of the 106 interrogations per sec come from an interrogator with an unstable PRI of  $5052 \pm 2$   $\mu$ s interrogating on Mode 2, located somewhere to the west (about 960 interrogations in 20 sec).

(e) An omnidirectional interrogator on 100 PRF (Mode A) was observed from position 29 to position 36 of the San Diego mission. Many interrogations (1200 to 1800 in 20 sec) were received from it during positions 30 through 34. Its angles of arrival seem to place it on the coast between North Island and Imperial Beach.

(f) The excessive number of interrogations at position 39 (554 per sec) comes from another omnidirectional interrogator seen only at this one point. Its PRF (910 per sec) is unusually high. Its Mode A interrogations are coming from the southeast at -70 dBm. It might be located somewhere between Tijuana and Imperial Beach (about 800 interrogations in 20 sec).

(g) Some interrogations with irregular PRI have been seen during these three missions. An interrogator ("Z1") with a 26-  $\mu$ s jitter in its PRI (8687  $\mu$ s followed by 8713  $\mu$ s, repeatedly) was seen through most

of the Van Nuys mission, contributing 2 to 3 interrogations per sec (mode interlace A/C, scan = 3.72 sec). Interrogator Z1 is presumably located just south of LAX.

(h) A second interrogator ("Z2") with highly irregular PRI of period 9 (full period: 6810, 2831, 2831, 3051, 2831, 2831, 3881, 2831, 2831  $\mu$ s) was noted through the first part of the San Diego mission (positions 28-40), contributing perhaps 7-8 interrogations per sec (Mode C, scan = 7.78 sec). Interrogator Z2 is probably on the coast south of Long Beach.

(i) Another interrogator ("Z3") with irregular PRI of period 7 (full period: 4107, 4107, 4107, 4107, 4117, 4900, 4094  $\mu$ s) was noted contributing 3 interrogations per sec during positions 24 - 27 of the Van Nuys flight (mode interlace 1/2/A/C, scan = 5.8 sec). Its interrogations were arriving from the southeast at a rather high level (-40 dBm). Interrogator Z3 might be located near Inglewood.

(j) Finally, a fourth interrogator ("Z4") with irregular PRI of period 7 (full period: 4607, 5692, 3354, 4143, 4916, 5107, 5108  $\mu$ s) was seen at positions 17 and 18. Interrogator Z4 contributed 2 to 3 interrogations per sec (mode interlace 1/2/A/C, scan = 5.87 sec) at a low power level (-70 dBm), arriving from the southeast.

## 5.0 CONCLUSIONS

The AMF measurements indicate a visible interrogator population increasing with height during normal landings and take-offs at the three selected LA area airports (see Table 10 and Figures 3 and 4). The number of FAA and other interrogators visible to the AMF increases rapidly with aircraft height



and then tends to become constant above an altitude of approximately 3000 ft. The actual number of interrogators seen and the FAA/other ratio are area dependent.

The behavior of FAA interrogators is generally predictable from the ECAC Interrogator File for the area, but other interrogators are either on or off according to time of day and day of the week, and a significant number of interrogators not included in the ECAC file are generally received. Although the total number of received interrogators is not exactly a linear function of altitude (see Fig. 3), a linear function does provide a first-order approximation for altitudes up to about 6000 ft., where the rate is 2.5 interrogators per 1000 ft. for LAX and San Diego, and 3 interrogators per 1000 ft. for Van Nuys.